

The output should be a single integer number representing the count of distinct phrases into which the Morse code can be parsed. You may assume that this number is at most  $2 \times 10^9$ .

### Output specification

at most 1000 characters long.

The number of words in the dictionary is less than or equal to 10 000 and the Morse code string is

words, one in each line. Each word consists of uppercase characters from "A" to "Z" only. The next line consists of the number  $N$  of words in the dictionary, and is followed by  $N$  dictionary

between them, and terminated by the end-of-line character. The input starts with the Morse code string, made up of characters ".", "-" and "--", with no spaces

### Input specification

words in the dictionary.

Notice that we are interested in *full matches*, i.e. the complete Morse string must be matched to

should be the number of distinct phrases that can be obtained.

parse the Morse code into a phrase using words that occur in the dictionary. The program's output

Write a program that reads a Morse code string and a list of words (a *dictionary*) and attempts to

### Problem

dictionary) to decide the appropriate decoding.

(among others). A human Morse operator would use other context information (such as a language

Morse sequence. For example, the sequence "-.-.-" can be decoded both as "CAT" or "NXT"

Notice that in the absence of pauses between letters there might be multiple interpretations of a

A	- .	B	- - ..	C	- . - .	D	- ..	E	.	F	- - - .	G	- - - .	H	.....	I	..	J	- - - -	K	- - - .	L	- - ..	M	--	N	- .	O	- --	P	- -- .	Q	- - . -	R	- - - .	S	---	T	-	U	. . -	V	.... -	W	. ---	X	- . . -	Y	- . - -	Z	--- ..
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and dashes are represented by ASCII characters ".", "-" and "--". Before the digital age, the most common "binary" code for radio communication was the Morse code. In Morse code, symbols are encoded as sequences of short and long pulses (called *dots* and *dashes*, respectively). The following table reproduces the Morse code for the alphabet, where dots and dashes are represented by ASCII characters ".", "-" and "--".

## Multiple Morse Matches

### Problem B

2

**Sample output**

DUSK  
DAWN  
ATTACK  
TICK  
TACK  
AT  
6  
-----.

**Sample input**