

Assignment 4: Predicate Logic

Due: 1:15pm, Tuesday, September 21

- Emails about this assignment should be directed to cs81help@cs.hmc.edu.
 - The usual collaboration rules apply. You may *discuss* an exercise with any other student(s) currently taking CS 81 as long as:
 - You contribute equally;
 - You come away from this discussion only with *understanding in your head* — no written materials or computer notes may be retained;
 - Your submission is authored solely by you, on a separate occasion.
 - You should refer only to materials from this semester of CS 81 (lecture notes, handouts, textbooks, grutors, profs, etc.).
 - Bring a writeup/printout to class on the due date. Illegible answers will get no credit.
 - Make sure your submission includes your name!
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Make sure you understand Section 2.3 of Huth & Ryan and can follow the proofs there.

1 Formal Logic

Give natural deduction proofs of the following:

1. $\exists x. (R(x) \rightarrow B(x)) \vdash (\forall x. R(x)) \rightarrow (\exists x. B(x))$

(e.g., $R(x)$ = “ x is real”, $B(x)$ = “ x is bubbly”)

2. $(\forall x. L(x)) \vee (\forall x. F(x)) \vdash \forall x. (L(x) \vee F(x))$

(e.g., $L(x)$ = “ x is lost”, $F(x)$ = “ x is found”)

3. $\forall x. (I(x) \vee U(x)) \vdash (\forall x. I(x)) \vee (\exists x. U(x))$

(e.g., $I(x)$ = “ x is interesting”, $U(x)$ = “ x is unremarkable”)

4. $\forall x. (p \rightarrow Q(x)) \vdash p \rightarrow \forall x. Q(x)$

(e.g., p = “I’m wearing earplugs”, $Q(x)$ = “ x is quiet”)

5. $\vdash \exists x. (D(x) \rightarrow \forall y. D(y))$

(The drinker’s paradox: there is at least one person satisfying “if he/she drinks beer, then everyone drinks beer.”)

6. $\neg(\exists x. A(x)) \vee (\forall x. V(x)), p \rightarrow \forall x. D(x) \vdash \forall y. \forall z. ((\neg A(z) \vee V(y)) \wedge (p \rightarrow D(y)))$

(e.g., $A(x)$ = “ x is an avocado”, $V(x)$ = “ x is a vegetable”, p = “I’m hungry”, $D(x)$ = “ x is delicious”)

7. $\forall x. \neg S(x, x), \forall x. \forall y. \forall z. S(x, y) \wedge S(y, z) \rightarrow S(x, z) \vdash \forall x. \forall y. S(x, y) \rightarrow \neg S(y, x)$

(e.g., $S(x, y)$ = “movie x is a sequel to movie y ”)

2 Informal Logic

Here is some background in set theory: for all sets X and Y and all elements z ,

$$\begin{aligned}z \in (X \cup Y) &\longleftrightarrow (z \in X) \vee (z \in Y) \\z \in (X \cap Y) &\longleftrightarrow (z \in X) \wedge (z \in Y) \\z \in (X \setminus Y) &\longleftrightarrow (z \in X) \wedge \neg(z \in Y) \\X \subseteq Y &\longleftrightarrow \forall x. (x \in X \rightarrow x \in Y) \\X = Y &\longleftrightarrow (X \subseteq Y) \wedge (Y \subseteq X) \\X \text{ meets } Y &\longleftrightarrow \exists z. z \in (X \cap Y)\end{aligned}$$

For each of the following two propositions, give

- (a) a proof in *mathematical English*. (For the first one, you only need to complete the proof provided.) Your proof should be 1–3 paragraphs of English text, as one might find in a math book or textbook.

The only mathematical symbols in your proof should be set-theory symbols (\in , \notin , \subseteq , \cup , etc.). Do not include any formal logic symbols (\forall , \exists , \wedge , \neg , etc.)

Your proof should be complete and without holes. They will probably not be great literature but, where possible, strive for clarity.

- (b) Identify four natural deduction rules that correspond to (explicit or implicit) steps in your proof, and at least one part of each proof to which that rule corresponds.

1. $A \setminus (B \setminus C) = (A \setminus B) \cup (A \cap C)$.

- (a) *Proof.* Let $x \in A \setminus (B \setminus C)$ be given. Then $x \in A$ and $x \notin B \setminus C$. That is, $x \notin B$ or $x \in C$. If $x \notin B$, then $x \in A \setminus B$; if $x \in C$ then $x \in A \cap C$. In either case, $x \in (A \setminus B) \cup (A \cap C)$. Thus $A \setminus (B \setminus C) \subseteq (A \setminus B) \cup (A \cap C)$.

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□

2. If A meets B , then $A \cup B \not\subseteq (A \setminus B) \cup (B \setminus A)$.