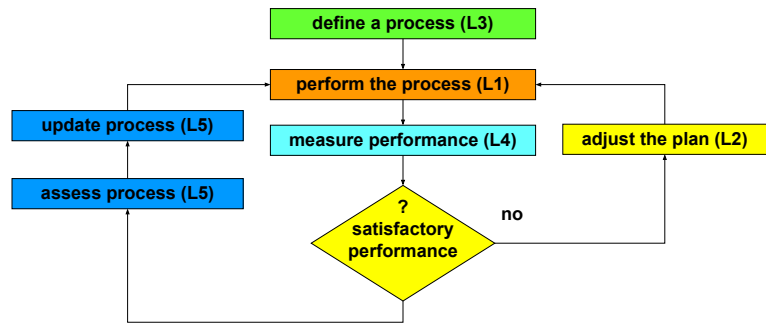


# Basic Project Skills

- Project Post-Mortems
  - motivations and their use in this course
  - examine the Diablo II post mortem
- Project Planning
  - work break-down, dependency analysis
  - risk assessment and mitigation
  - estimation and scheduling
- Version Control
  - motivation and its use in this course
  - git and GitHub

# Process Improvement 1A (the Capability Maturity Model)



# Post Mortems/Retrospectives

- complex skills must be developed/refined
- every project is a learning opportunity
  - improve our skills with existing methodology
  - try new techniques, confront new problems
  - learn from our mistakes
- post-mortems are pro-active learning
  - reflect and discuss as a group
  - what worked and what didn't work?
  - what should we do differently next time?

# Post Mortems/Retrospectives

- there are many techniques and formats
- all have the same basic requirements:
  - honesty: willingness to recognize mistakes
  - introspection: willingness to analyze them
  - safety: no penalties for admitting mistakes
- in this course
  - you will develop post mortem processes
  - they will help you learn from the projects
  - you will learn to use them as a learning tool

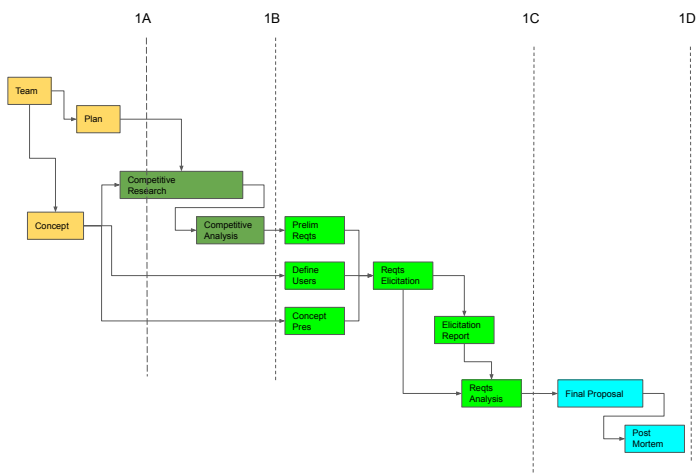
# Diablo II Post Mortem

- Gamasutra article by the D2 design lead
  - brief history leading up to this project
    - born from D1 wish-lists and complaints
  - organization, methodology, tools
  - discussion of things that worked
    - D2 is Diablo, hiring/development process, new skill trees, massive Q/A effort, world-wide release
  - discussion of things that didn't work
    - the old battle.net, # of users, non-state-of-the-art graphics, weak tools, a new game-save feature

# Common Themes (prior PMs)

- problems
  - communication and pace management
  - insufficient tool/API/service mine-sweeping
  - insufficient planning for impl/integration
- successes
  - shared screens for brainstorming
  - timezone/schedule aware mtgs and pairing
  - clarity gained from competitive research
  - social networks for requirements gathering
  - team reviews of all deliverables
  - reviewing other projects improved their own
  - benefits of reviews, pair-programming, TDD

## Project 1: Concept and Proposal



## Teams and Planning

- Tell me what room you want to join
  - you can change your mind (multiple times)
- Share your thoughts on
  - general product concept
  - relevant experiences and strengths
  - implementation tools & technologies
- Consider
  - how well it will meet P2-4 requirements
  - team skill composition and timezones
- Come back out
  - to ask me questions
  - for wrap-up at 13:50

Basic Project Skills

8

## Plan Check List

- task descriptions:
  - everyone believes the list to be complete
  - all task owners understand:
    - what their tasks mean, and how to do them
    - what they will deliver, when, in what form
- risk exposures and mitigation:
  - everyone agrees w/assessments & plans
- schedule:
  - achievable w/adequate room for problems

Basic Project Skills

9

## Regular Team Status Meetings

- a good meeting
  - has clear goals ... and accomplishes them
  - is brief ... avoids tangents and rat-holes
- Daily SCRUM or XP *Stand-Up*
  - what have you completed since last meeting?
  - what do you plan to do by the next meeting?
  - what is getting in your way?
    - if there is a problem, assign people to work it

Basic Project Skills

10

## version control: GitHub

- version control is critical to any s/w project
  - track changes, previous versions, backup
  - work products come from version control 🍌
- centralized control is the old paradigm
  - new projects are distributed collaborations
  - distributed version control is more powerful
  - “git” is today’s dominant open-source tool
- all code work products should be on GitHub
  - suggest you also use issues and project board

Basic Project Skills

11

## For next lecture

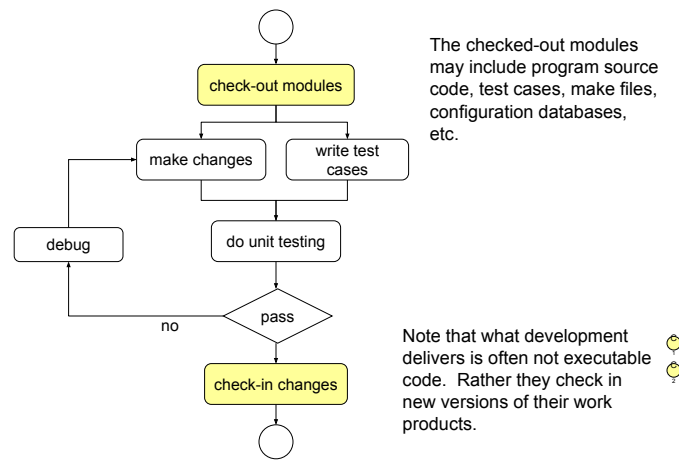
- McConnell 3-3.2
  - the importance of having a plan
- McConnell 34.2
  - process models
- Kampe: S/W Process Models
  - introduction to project phases and models
- Boehm: Spiral Development
  - iterative development: what, why, and how
- Ambler: “Big Requirements Up Front”
  - the agile critique of the classic Waterfall

Basic Project Skills

12

## Back up slides

## software development process



Basic Project Skills

14

## the laws of version control

- All of our work products are versioned
  - we can tell what version we are dealing with
- All official changes are tracked
  - we know exactly what changes were made
  - we know who made each change, when, why
- We can reconstruct any version at any time
  - not just the current version, any prior version
- Files exist in multiple parallel branches
  - each of which has its most current version

Basic Project Skills

15

## version control procedures

- never deliver a work product directly
  - rather, deliver a version-controlled file
  - ensures proper recording of all work
- build from the version controlled files
  - extract specific (or current default) versions
- associate versions with deliverables
  - release has a list of all versions used to build it
  - test/bug reports associated w/specific releases
  - bug fixes are associated w/new file versions
  - work product approvals specify a version

Basic Project Skills

16

## change control

- who can change what, where, when?
- sometimes, some change is good
  - it represent progress as work is completed
  - such changes should be facilitated
- sometimes, some change is bad
  - changes can be disruptive to the product
  - we need processes to detect & prevent these
- hopefully these processes are adaptive
  - adjusting the burden in response to the risk

Basic Project Skills

17




## change control mechanisms

- may be performed by version control tools
  - may control who can modify which files
  - may notify interested parties of changes
  - these features are usually configurable
- may be managed by human processes
  - publication and objection
  - designated component reviewers
  - change control boards
- should have mechanism/policy separation

Basic Project Skills

18

# Conflicting Updates

- People may work at cross purposes
  - independent changes to same module
  - different understandings of how things work
- File Change Notifications
  - subscribe to notifications for selected files 
- File Locking
  - at check out time, or independently 
  - locks can be advisory or enforced 
- Change merge assistance
  - automatic difference analysis, proposed merge