

Recursive Approach...
def LCS (s1, s2):
if BASE CASE:
???

```
LCS("spam", "sam!")
```

Etch-a-Sketch craziness...


## Turtle Graphics


forward(100)
right(90)


## Turtle Graphics

Turtle graphics are built into Python!
>>> import turtle
$\ggg$ turtle.forward(50)
$\ggg$ turtle.right (90)
>>> turte.backward(50)


Problem 2 has a link to the turtle documentation

## Fractals


trunk length
recursion level
$\ggg \operatorname{svTree}(100,3)$

"I Wonder About Trees" - Robert Frost
"We wonder about Robert Frost" - Trees
>>> $\operatorname{svTree}(128,6)$
$\theta \theta \theta$


## Tuples ("Immutable Lists")

```
>>> foo = (42, 'hello', (5, 'spam'), 'penguin')
>>> foo
(42, 'hello', (5, 'spam'), 'penguin')
>>> foo[0]
42
>>> foo[-1]
'penguin'
>>> foo[0:2]
(42, 'hello')
>>> foo[0:1]
(42,)
```


## Dictionaries

```
>>> D = {}
```

>>> D["Geoff"]= "spam"
>>> D["Zach"]= "donuts"
>>> D["Alien"]= 42
>>> D["Geoff"]
'spam'
>>> D["Alien"] object can be a key. "keys" in the dictionary. Any immutable
42
>>> D["Suicide Squad"]
BARF!

## Tuples ("Immutable Lists")

```
```

>> foo = (42, 'hello', (5, 'spam'), 'penguin')

```
```

>> foo = (42, 'hello', (5, 'spam'), 'penguin')
>>> foo
>>> foo
(42, 'hello', (5, 'spam'), 'penguin')
(42, 'hello', (5, 'spam'), 'penguin')
>>> foo[0]
>>> foo[0]
42
42
>>> foo[-1]
>>> foo[-1]
'penguin'
'penguin'
>>> foo[0:2]
>>> foo[0:2]
(42, 'hello')
(42, 'hello')
>>> foo[0:1]
>>> foo[0:1]
(42,)
(42,)
\&OO[0] = 100
\&OO[0] = 100
BARF!!!

```
BARF!!!
```

```
>> foo[0:1]
```

```
>> foo[0:1]
```


## Dictionaries

```
>>> D = {}
>>> D["Geoff"]= "spam"
>>> D["Zach"] = "donuts"
>>> D["Alien"]= 42
>>> D["Geoff"]
'spam'
>>> D["Alien"]
42
>> D["Suicide Squad"]
BARF!
>>> D
{'Geoff': 'spam', 'Zach': 'donuts', 'Alien': 42}
```




Inf = float("inf")
FiveCities = ["A", "B", "C", "D", "E"]
FiveDists $=\{(" A ", " A "): 0,(" A ", " B "): 1,(" A ", " C "): 3,(" A ", " D "): 7,(" A ", " E "): I n f$

>> shortestPath (FiveCities, FiveDists)
10
>>> shortestPath (["C", "D", "E"], FiveDists)
7
>>> shortestPath (["E"], FiveDists)
0

## We Admit It's Tricky

def shortestPath (cities, dists):
'Returns the length of the shortest path from the leftmost to the rightmost city in in the cities list.'
if len(Cities) <= 1:
return 0
else:
return min (map
lambda hop: dists[(cities[0], cities[hop])]

+ shortestPath(cities[hop:], dists), range(1, len(cities)))


Inf = float("inf")
FiveCities = ["A", "B", "C", "D", "E"]
FiveDists =

def shortestPath (cities, dists):
'''Returns the length of the shortest path from the leftmost to the rightmost city
n the cities list.'''
if BLAH:
Just four lines return BLAH BLAH
else:
return BLAH BLAH BLAH

## SnowFlake Fractals

The Koch Snowflake Fractal:



level 1

level 2



level 5

level 3
level 4


