

Team Structure and Processes

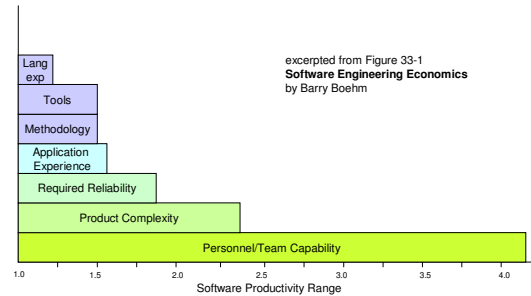
- Productivity
 - group and individual productivity
 - contributing factors, development
- Collaboration
 - practices, Pair Programming
- Teams & Projects
 - training & mentoring
 - team structure & leadership
 - distributed development issues
- Project 2: GKrellM plug-in

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Contributors to Productivity

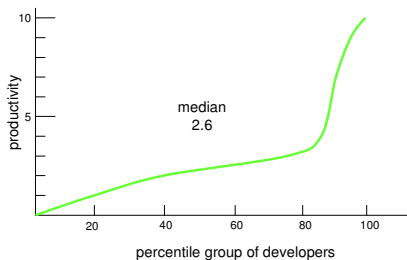


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individual productivity



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Individual Productivity

- more than a 10x difference among programmers with similar tenure
- there are many contributing factors
 - familiarity with domain and tools
 - range of experience (not years)
 - innate programming and debugging ability
 - motivation, initiative and enthusiasm
- raw speed often falls with experience
 - but quality rises, improving productivity

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Improving Productivity

- work on many different domains
 - learn different programming techniques
 - learn different testing techniques
 - learn different debugging techniques
- work with many different people
 - help other people with their problems
 - learn perspectives & tricks from other people
- learn from your mistakes
 - ask “what should I have done differently?”

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*Was uns nicht umbringt
macht uns nur stärker.*

*Friedrich Wilhelm Nietzsche
Mensch und Übermensch*

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Good Collaboration

- prevents mistakes
 - a second set of eyes finds many problems
 - duplicated or unclear code
 - unwarranted assumptions
- helps us out of problems
 - give us options when we become blocked
- improves project understanding
 - learn how other parts of project work
- improves skill dissemination
 - we can learn others' skills and techniques

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many ways to share the work

- collaborative design
 - working together at the white-board
 - **A** challenges, **B** defends
 - **A** draws/types, **B** suggests, enumerates
- cooperative coding
 - code different parts of a collaborative design
 - **A** codes functionality, **B** codes test cases
- Pair Programming
 - **A** types, **B** reviews, challenges, suggests

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Pair Programming

- not a review, but a development practice
 - does not eliminate need for reviews
- difficult design/coding is done in pairs
 - two heads to solve difficult problems
 - two sets of eyes to see mistakes
 - serving complementary roles
 - design, code, review, how to test
- in many cases it works very well
 - improving productivity, reducing errors

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getting Pair Programming right

- must be able to work very well together
 - approach, pace, personality, style
- each partner must carry his own weight
 - if one is doing most of the work, it is a waste
 - Pair Programming is not newby training
- don't re-use same teams every day
 - different people have different strengths
 - we learn new things from new people
- only use it on big enough problems

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Training

- usually for new team members
 - familiarize them with domain and process
 - develop skill with tools and techniques
- may be formal, practical, or combination
 - reading, seminars, workshops
 - assignments chosen for skill development
 - internship rotations
- may be standardized or ad-hoc
- may involve a designated trainer

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Mentoring

- usually for high potential individuals
 - long term, one-on-one relationship
 - to help them make the next step in growth
- career coaching
 - general discussion and counsel
 - seldom involves formal instruction
 - mentor may have little relationship to mentee
- protégé relationships
 - training and assessment for a new position
 - usually starts out as an assistantship role

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Team Structure

- strict hierarchy works ...
 - if leader has required skills and experience
 - if team trusts the their leader
- flat collaboration works ...
 - if members have required skills & experience
 - if people step-up to all responsibilities
 - if people can manage their own productivity
 - if the team can always reach consensus
- anarchy ... probably doesn't work

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Leadership

- trust and respect
 - ability and fairness must be beyond reproach
- ability to inspire and motivate
 - you can only lead if others will follow you
- communication skills
 - must be able to communicate up and down
- organizational and domain knowledge
 - must understand processes we are part of
 - must understand problem and solution

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Distributed S/W Development

- Advantages
 - larger pool of developers
 - closer proximity to customers
 - potential cost savings
- Challenges
 - communications (language, distance, time)
 - coordination (aggravated by communication)
 - social distance (cultural, organizational)
- Effectiveness
 - depends on problem, organization, people

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Project 2 (GKrellM plug-in)

- a) Concept & Planning
 - b) Research & Specifications
 - c) Design
 - d) Test Plan
 - e) Design Review & Revisions
 - f) (EXTRA CREDIT) Build and Test
- x) all project Post-Mortem

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For Next Lecture

- McConnell 19.6, 22 (esp 22.3)
 - introduction to static complexity
 - tactical overview of key approaches
- Wikipedia: Software Testing
 - brief, definition and overview
- Kampe: Introduction to S/W Unit Test Cases
 - overview of key concepts in S/W testing
- Cornett: Code Coverage
 - good overview of coverage concepts & tools

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Supplementary Slides

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Poisonous Activities

- **in-fighting**
 - trying to make other people/groups look bad
- **sabotage**
 - undermining a process you disagree with
- **finger pointing**
 - blame avoidance rather than problem solving
- **empire building**
 - advancing yourself at the expense of others
- **dishonesty**
 - telling people what you think they want to hear
- **putting form ahead of substance**
 - following rules, while avoiding doing the right thing

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